من روائع الانجلشاوي

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المضارع التام
Present Perfect

Form تكوين

فاعل + have/has + V3 + مفعول

Key words كلمات دالة

just - already - ever - never -
for - since - yet - recently -
lately - so far - up till now -
over + فترة زمنية

Ali ..... in London since 1998.
a) live b) lived c) has lived d) had lived

الاستخدامات

- حدث حصل في الماضي وما زال مستمرًا حتى الآن
- حدث حصل في الماضي وله أثر في الحاضر

He can't play the match because he .... his leg.
a) broke b) has broken c) had broken
d) was breaking

She ..... her keys ; she can't open the door.
a) lost b) has lost c) was losing d) had lost

أنكسار المضارع التام

- نستخدم (yet) في نهاية الجملة المنفية .

She ..... her homework yet.
(a) hasn't finished (b) hadn't finished
(c) has finished (d) had finished

- في نهاية السؤال في المضارع التام
already (استجاب) ← yet

Have you finished your homework .....? Amazing!
(a) yet (b) already (c) since (d) ago

أنكسار أسئلة for

a long time - a short time - ages - a while -
نترجم (3 hours / 5 days / an hour) نترجم محددة
as long as I can remember
the last + فترة

I have lived in London .... 6 years.
(a) since (b) for (c) ago (d) in

- لو قالك في الجملة امه الحدث اتغير في المضارع
لو حط ماضي بسيط مع for

My father .... as a taxi driver for 5 years. Now, he works as a sales manager.
(a) had worked (b) has worked (c) works (d) worked

لو حاطط حدث ماضي في جملتين منفصلين
وحدث كان مستمر / ماضي تام ← ماضي تام for معاه

My sister was suffering from insomnia. She ..... well for four days.
a) hasn't slept
b) won't sleep
c) hasn't been sleeping
d) hadn't been sleeping

Since أنكر أسألك

yesterday - Sunday يوم اسبوع - 3 o'clock ساعة
May شهر - 2019 سنة - spring ربيع
- last + فترة - ماضي بسيط

I have lived in Cairo .... 2018.
a) for
b) since
c) ago
d) during

ماضي بسيط + since + مضارع تام

It's / has been + فترة + since + ماضي بسيط

ماضي تام + since + ماضي بسيط
(لأن)

It's been two weeks since I..... Layan.
a) phoned
b) have phoned
c) had phoned
d) phone

He didn't play the match since he..... .
a) injured
b) has been injuring
c) is injured
d) had been injured

أفكار ever

→ This is + عدد + time + فاعل + have/has ever + p.p

→ (تفضيل) est / most / least → have/has ever + p.p

→ في منتصف السؤال مضارع تام (عمل قبل كده ولا لأ)

This is the most difficult situation I ..... .
a) have ever faced
b) have never faced
c) had ever faced
d) had never faced

This is the first time for me ..... Aswan.
a) visiting
b) visited
c) have visited
d) has visited

أفكار never

such + اسم ← نفي
more / less / er ← مقارنة

Lyan ..... such a kind girl.
a) had never met
b) had ever met
c) has ever met
d) has never met

I ..... a film more exciting than this one.
a) have never seen
b) have ever seen
c) had never seen
d) had ever seen

have / has been to ذهب وعاد

have / has gone to ذهب ولم يعد

She ..... to the market . She will be here soon .
a) has been b) had been c) has gone d) had ge

have / has + just + p.p

=

ماضي بسيط + ago

Ali arrived a moment ago (just)
- -

How long / For how long + مضارع تام
How long ago + ماضي بسيط

------ did Layan study English ?
a) How long b) since how long c) How long ago
d) for how long

ماضي بسيط ← last

مضارع تام ← in the last

In the last ten hours . I ..... my lessons .
a) had studied b) have studied
c) studied d) study

جملتين فيهم حدث واحد

since + سنة (ماضي) ← مضارع تام

in + سنة ← ماضي بسيط

My father traveled to London ..... 1990.

a) in b) for c) since d) at

My father ..... to London since 1990.

a) have traveled c) has traveled
b) traveled d) has been traveled

فكرة مهمة

have/has been in مستقر في المكان

have/has been to ذهب وعاد

Ahmed ..... Cairo for three years. He still lives there.

a) has been in b) has been to
c) went to d) had been in

المضارع التام المستمر
Present Perfect Continuous

Form تكوين

have / has + been + V+ing

لاحظ الفرق مع المضارع التام

* نفس الكلمات الدالة ولكن :

للتركيز على الاستمرارية نستخدم ← مضارع تام مستمر

مع ذكر العدد / الكم ← مضارع تام
many - a few - few - several - a lot of
lots of - plenty of

He ..... three cups of tea this evening.
a) drank b) has been drinking c) has drun
d) had drunk

I ..... many customers recently.
a) have met b) have been meeting
c) had met d) had been meeting

* مع الأفعال الخطيرة / التقريرية ← مضارع تام

She ..... these friends for five years.
a) has known b) has been knowing
c) had known d) had been knowing

Stative verbs

Feelings : love - like - hate - prefer - want - hope - need - wish

Thoughts: know - understand - remember - forget - think - believe - realise - suppose

Possession : have - own - possess - include - belong

Senses : see - taste - smell - feel

Unit 1 Grammar Questions

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d

1 **Lyan ..... to the market. She will be here soon.**

a has been b has gone c was going d had been

2 **She ..... any meetings since she came here.**

a wasn't attending b doesn't attend c won't attend d hasn't attended

3 **In the last two hours, I ..... my lessons.**

a had revised b have revised c revise d was revised

4 **So far, many schools ..... in rural and urban areas.**

a will have been built b are building c have been built d were built

5 **Oh! I ..... my mobile. What can I do?**

a broke b had broken c was broken d have broken

6 **Nothing like this ..... to her.**

a had happened c has ever happened
b has never happened d happened

7 **I haven't travelled to my hometown by bus ..... my early childhood.**

a when b lately c for d since

8 **This is the most difficult problem I ..... faced.**

a had ever been b have ever c had ever d have ever been

9 **Lyan ..... in all her assignments and is going to start at university next month.**

a has succeeded c succeeds
b has been succeeding d will be succeeding

10 **Haytham broke his arm and has to stay in bed, so he ..... watching a lot of programs recently!**

a is b has been c was d will be

11 **Cairo streets are muddy because it ..... all day.**

a had rained b had been raining c has been raining d will be raining

12 **He is still doing the homework. He ..... it for four hours now.**

a has done b has been doing c had been doing d was doing

13 **Scientists in China ..... researching the side effects of COVID-19 for years; they are still doing this task.**

a had been b have c have been d were

14 **A long time has passed ..... I saw him.**

a as long as b because c since d until

15 **Lyan ..... as a doctor for the last ten years.**

a has been working b worked c had worked d is working

16 **Although he ..... to Alexandria twice this year, he's going again next week.**

a goes b has gone c has been d have gone

17 **They ..... each other for a long time.**

a have known b have been knowing c had been knowing d are knowing

18 **A terrible accident ..... place on the highway from Cairo to Alexandria .**

a was taken b has taken c has been taken d had taken

19 **You needn't make a food delivery. I ..... a good meal already.**

a was cooking b have cooked c was cooked d had cooked

20 **It's been four months since we ..... our friend Lyan in Alex.**

a had visited b visited c was visited d visit

21 **My friend ..... a health problem since he lived in a town surrounded by three factories.**

a has had b had had c had d has been

22 **I haven't met the boss ..... . It's my first time to meet him.**

a yet b before c already d never

23 **My uncle ..... as a teacher for 15 years. Now, he is a sales manager in a small company.**

a worked b was working c has worked d works

24 **I haven't seen Lyan ..... the last time we met in the café.**

a while b when c for d since

25 **He wanted to know ..... I have been a member in this sports club.**

a since how long b for how long c for when d how long ago

26 **My car ..... down, so I have to call a mechanic at once.**

a was broken b has broken c had broken d has been breaking

27 **I ..... the kitchen all morning and mum says it's still dirty.**

a have cleaned b clean c am cleaning d have been cleaning

28 **..... I started my job, I have met important people from all over the world.**

a For b Since c Until d When

29 **The committee members' disagreement ..... caused a serious problem.**

a has b have c was d were

30 **Lyan is still working; she ..... doing that task yet.**

a hadn't finished b hasn't finished c won't finish d has finished

31 **..... Alexandria before? – Yes, I went there last summer.**

a Are you visiting
b Have you visited
c Have you been visited
d Will you visit

32 **You ..... the hall; it looks lovely!**

a were decorating b will decorate c have decorated d had decorated

33 **I ..... the movie you recommendel'm still watching it.**

a have watched
b had watched
c have been watching
d had been watching

34 **He ..... three glasses of tea since he returned home.**

a had drunk b has drunk c is drinking d has been drinking

35 **I ..... reading the book you gave me, so we can go out now.**

a had finished
b have finished
c have been finishing
d had been finishing

36 **I ..... 2 kilometers to school today.**

a have run b had run c have been running d had been running

37 **Please help me; I ..... my passport. What can I do?**

a had lost b will be losing c has been losing d have lost

38 **How long ..... ? – I wish it would stop.**

a has it rained b has it been raining c will it be raining d was it raining

39 **Look! Someone ..... that window.**

a have broken b has broken c has been breaking d hasn't broken

40 **..... have you been studying English?**

a How long b How long ago c How much d For when

41 **..... did you start studying English?**

a How long b How long ago c How much d For When

42 **I ..... letters all day. I wonder when I will finish.**

a typed b have been typing c have been typed d have typed

43 **It's the first time I ..... the Pyramids .**

a see b have been seeing c saw d have seen

44 **Fantastic ! Has Lyan done all the washing-up ..... ?**

a yet b ever c already d since

45 **Great news! You ..... the competition.**

a 've won b have been winning c haven't won d are winning

Reported speech

statement الجملة الخبرية

"I Can help you tomorrow", Mahmoud said to Lyan.

الخطوات

١) نضع فعل قول مناسب .

Said - Complained - admitted - denied

mentioned - stated - explained

٢) نحذف ال " " ونضع that وممكن نحذفها

٣) نغير الضمائر ونرفع زمن الجملة درجة :

I →
We →

will →
Can →
may →

مضارع بسيط →

مضارع مستمر →

مضارع تام →

ماضي بسيط →

ماضي تام →

- now → then
- at the moment → at that moment
- today → that day
- here → there
- tonight → that night
- these → those
- tomorrow → the next day / the following day / the day after
- yesterday → the last day / the previous day / the day before
- next week → the next week
- last week → the last week
- a week ago → a week before / earlier

- The teacher said, "I'm going to explain the present simple today."

- The teacher said, "We will visit the pyramids tomorrow."

Choose أنتخب

① فعل القول :-

told - informed - reminded
↳ يأتي بعدهم مفعول

- said - complained - admitted - denied
- mentioned - stated - explained

Hassan ..... that he was ready for the final exam .

a - said b - told c - complained d - asked

Hassan ..... me that he was ready for presentation .

a - told b - said c - stated d - asked

Hassan ..... he could visit me that night .

a - said b - complained c - told d - asked

The thief ..... that he had robbed the bank.

a - complained b - told c - admitted d - asked

Hassan .....was ready for the presentation .

a - said c - said if he

b - said that d - said that he

زمن الجملتين :

فعل القول ماضى ← زمن الجملة ماضى

فعل القول مضارع tell / say ← زمن الجملة الأصلى

فعل القول معه a moment ago / just

Hassan told me he .....his lessons already.

a- has studied b- had studied c- will study d- is studying

Hassan says that he ..... to Paris next summer.

a- has travelled b- will travel c- was travelling d- is travelling

Hassan has just said that he ..... Layan since 2021.

a- hasn't met b- hadn't met c- met d- wouldn't meet

حاجات تساعدك فى اختيار الزمن

- then - at that moment → was/were + V+ing
- the ..... before
  the previous / the last → had + p.p
- the ..... after
  the next - the following → would + inf / was/were + V+ing / was/were going to + inf
- earlier - before →

Hassan said that he ..... the present simple the last Monday.

a- has studied b- studied c - would study d - had studied

The teacher declared that he ..... the present perfect the next month.

a - had explained b - was explaining c - has explained d - is explaining

Lyan said she would visit her aunt ..... .

a - tomorrow b - the day after c - the previous day d - the last day

حاجات تفضل زى ما هى

wish
It's time
would rather
→ ماضى بسيط / ماضى تام

" It's time you studied your homework , Layan " , said mum.

Mum said that it was time she ..... her lessons.

a - had studied b - studied c - studies d - has studied

had better ('d better) + inf

" You'd better study hard , Lyan", said mum.

Mum told Lyan that she'd better..... hard .

a - to study b - studied c - study d - had studied

used to + inf

" I used to study in the morning",

she said that she ..... to study in the morning .

a-has used b- had used c- used d- was used

→ should + inf / ought to + inf
نصيحة advice

→ should have + p.p
ought to have + p.p → blame / regret

Lyan told me that I..... due care to my work. I actually appreciate her advice.

a- needn't have given c- could have given

b- should have given d- should give

Lyan told me that I ..... due care to my work . It was no use blaming me.
"

a- needn't have given c- could have given

b- should have given d- should give

(مضارع بسيط) حقيقات ← ← فعل المتون (ماضي)

بدون اضافه I/We/you/They / جمع

S,es,ies He / She / It / مفرد

My father said that the sun ..... in the east.

a- rises b- rose c- had risen d- doesn't rise

Suggested / recommended

Suggested / recommended

Suggested / recommended

I suggest that Ali ..... that situation with his friends.

a- to discuss b- had discussed c- discuss d-discussed

Hassan suggested ..... our mom with the house work.

a- helping b- help c- should help d- helped

My father..... me I have to go with my mom .

a - says b - said c - tells d - told

"You forgot your mobile." – Mum said that ..... had forgotten my mobile.

a - you b - I c - me d - my

"I studied history." He said he ..... history.

a - studied b - had studied c - was studied d - a and b

must → had to لازم

must → must آكيد

لاحظ

"I must finish this project today," he said.
He said that he ..... finish the project that day.

a - must b - had to c - might d - should T

Command / Request Imperative

- Inf → "Open the door"
- Don't / Never + inf → "Don't eat too much"

"Bring the book with you tomorrow", said Mahmoud.

الخطوات

① نضع فعل قول منا سب وبعده (مفعول)
told - asked - ordered - commanded

reminded - warned - advised -

encouraged - wanted - threatened -

Ali ← مفعول
ضمير: me - us - you - them - him - her

② نحذف الـ " " ونضع not to + inf / to + inf

③ نغير الضمائر وظروف الزمن ← زي الجمل الخبرية

Ex: Lyan asked me ..... my money.
a) to waste
b) to wasting
c) not to waste
d) not to waste

Ex: Lyan asked me ..... good use of my money.
a) to make
b) to making
c) not to make
d) to not make

Ex: The head teacher told..... to do our best.
ⓐ we ⓑ us ⓒ our ⓓ ourselves

Ex: "Send the email now"
He asked me to send the email ..... .
ⓐ then ⓑ than ⓒ earlier ⓓ ago

انكر مرة

"you should study hard, Ali", said Mahmoud.
→

"If I were you, I would get up early," said Ali.

"Can you lend some money, Ali?" said Mahmoud.
→

"Come here, Lyan," said mum.
→

Suggest - recommend
ask - insist - advise
It's [Vital - essential - Crucial - necessary - important] + فاعل ← inf / should + inf

Ex: It's important that he ..... careful.
ⓐ be ⓑ was ⓒ has been ⓓ is being

Ex: I suggest that she .... the conference as our representative.

a) attending
b) to attend
c) had attended
d) attend

Ex: It's essential that he ..... hard.

a) works
b) work
c) should work
d) b & c

Unit 2 Grammar Questions

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d

1 **The shop assured me that the freezer ..... the next day.**

a would deliver b will deliver c would be delivering d would be delivered

2 **Dad ..... us not to tell lies.**

a said b said to c told d suggested

3 **Lyan said that she ..... challenge Danya to a tennis match.**

a can b could c shall d will

4 **She informed me that my friend Hassan ..... a terrible accident while he was driving to Alexandria .**

a has had b had c will be having d is having

5 **I told her that she ..... a bad mistake and that she should be cautious later on.**

a had made b is making c would make d has made

6 **Lyan ..... she was ready for the contest.**

a told b said c wondered d informed

7 **Lyan complained that the service at that restaurant ..... bad.**

a has been b is c was d would be

8 **The doctor said that he would inform me of the report results ..... .**

a next week b last week c the following week d the week before

9 **Hassan told me that he ..... his lesson at that moment.**

a was revising b has been revising c will revise d was revised

10 **The boss said that the company ..... efficient workers the next month.**

a had promoted c is going to promote

b is promoting d was going to promote

11 **The teacher told us that Cairo ..... the most populated city in Africa.**

a is being b is c has been d will be

12 **Yesterday's newspaper said that he ..... a three-year contract.**

a had signed b would be signed c is signing d has signed

13 **He said that it was raining ..... .**

a here b then c now d tomorrow

14 **My parents promised me that they ..... me a laptop if I succeeded.**

a might buy b will buy c buy d have bought

15 **He wondered how many goals they had scored ..... week.**

a this b that c the d it

16 **I was told that a primary school ..... in the neighbouring town.**

a has built b has been built c had been built d had built

17 **My mom told me that we ..... to the club until we finished our project.**

a don't go b won't go c hadn't gone d wouldn't go

18 **Hassan says that he ..... the summer holiday in Dahab when he has finished exams.**

a has spent b will spend c would spend d had spent

19 **Hassan said that he ..... about that accident before he returned home.**

a hadn't told b isn't told c hadn't been told d won't tell

20 **"Don't park here; it is forbidden." – The gardener said we ..... park there.**

a should b shouldn't c mustn't d must

21 **The teacher told us that the earth ..... round the sun.**

a go b went c goes d going

22 **Lyan promised that she ..... home tomorrow.**

a would be b would have been c will have been d will be

23 **Danya has just told Lyan that they ..... to their friend's wedding tonight.**

a would go b have gone c were going d are going

24 **He said a moment ago that he ..... his car last month.**

a sold b had sold c would sold d sell

25 **He said just now that he ..... a new story.**

a is reading b was reading c had read d was read

26 **"It's rather late and it's time for you to go to sleep." – The mother ..... that the children are still awake.**

a remembered b inquired c promised d complained

27 **At the wedding party yesterday, the bride said ..... the happiest day of her life.**

a today was b that day was c yesterday had d that day had

28 **Lyan has just remarked that she ..... yet.**

a decided b had decided c has decided d hasn't decided

29 **Amr says he ..... in a bank in the city centre. He enjoys his job.**

a had worked b worked c works d would work

30 **"You refused to help me, Hassan." The pronoun "me" refers to ..... .**

a he b Omar c the addressee d the speaker

31 **"You refused to help me, Hassan." – .....**

a Hassan said that I had refused to help him.
b Hassan said that I have refused to help him.
c I said that Hassan had refused to help me.
d I said that I had refused to help Hassan.

32 **He said he was travelling to Paris the following day. – "....", he said.**

a I was travelling to Paris yesterday.
b I am travelling to Paris today.
c I will travelling to Paris tomorrow.
d I am travelling to Paris tomorrow.

33 **"I might take two days off." – Maha said .....**

a she might take two days off.
b she might have taken two days off.
c she had taken two days off.
d a & c

34 **"I had returned home by midnight." – Hassan said that he .....**

a had returned home by midnight.
b was returning home by midnight.
c was being returned home by midnight.
d had been returning home by midnight.

Deduction

آكيد	لازيكن/مستحيل	احتمال
must	Can't	may - might Could

+ inf المصدر (مضارع)

+ have + p.p (ماضي)

Ex: He comes to work on foot. His house ..... near.
a) must be
b) must have been
c) Can't be
d) Can't have been

Ex: They ..... lunch. Their food is still in the fridge.
a) must have
b) Can't have
c) must have had
d) Can't have had

Ex: Lyan isn't eating with her family. She ..... hungry.
a) Can't be
b) may be
c) must be
d) Can't have been

Ex: I Can't find my book. I.... it at home. I'm not sure.
a) may leave
b) might have left
c) must leave
d) Can't have left

كلمات دالة على الاحتمالية
Perhaps - possibly - possible
not sure - not Certain - probably
don't know - don't think - no idea - Who knows?
unclear - guess - Suppose

Ex: Your mother..... a great cook. you always hurry home to eat.

a) Can't be
b) must be
c) may not be
d) isn't

Ex: I don't know where Lyan is. She.... at home.

a) must be
b) Can't be
c) may be
d) is

Ex: He's not usually late. He ..... the train.

a) Can't have missed
b) Can't miss
c) must miss
d) must have missed

Ex: I'm not sure when Lyan will come. She..... at 5.

a) must arrive
b) Could arrive
c) Can't arrive
d) may have arrived

Ex: You ..... the door. It was open when I got home.

a) Couldn't have locked
b) Can have locked
c) Can't lock
d) Can lock

Can't have + p.p = Couldn't have + p.p
حدث لدينا يكون حصل في الماضي
خلي بالك

Ex: I walked to school this morning, but I .... a bus.

a) must have taken
b) might take
c) Could have taken
d) must take

لما تقول كنت قادر تعمل حاجه في الماضي
ولكن عملت حاجه تانيه
Could have p.p
خلي بالك

Ex: I ..... for the exam, but I played video games instead.
a) must have studied
b) must study
c) could have studied
d) can have studied

Ex: He ..... his friend, but he chose to ignore him.
a) must have helped
b) must help
c) could have helped
d) mustn't have helped

فاعل: + inf / + have + p.p
مفعول: + be + p.p / + have + been + p.p
خلى بالك

Ex: Lyan didn't attend the party. She ..... invited.
a) can't have
b) can't have been
c) must have
d) must have been

Ex: The cake is gone. It ..... eaten by someone.
a) must have
b) must have been
c) can't have
d) can't have been

Ex: Lyan hasn't arrived yet. She ..... the train. Who knows?
a) should have missed
b) might have missed
c) can't have missed
d) must have missed

Ex: The flowers are dead. He ..... them.
a) must have watered
b) shouldn't have watered
c) can't have watered
d) mustn't have watered

Ex: She ..... have known about the bad news. She seemed sad.
a) couldn't
b) must
c) can't
d) won't

Rewrite

Lyan hasn't finished reading that book. She only started it two hours ago. (Lyan can't)

It's possible that my son broke the window. (might)

I'm certain that my phone wasn't stolen. (can't)

This house was certainly built in 2009. (must)

Perhaps my uncle went shopping. (may)

should + inf shouldn't + inf
ought to + inf oughtn't to + inf
تستخدم في النصيحة (مضارع/مستقبل)

---

should have + p.p حدث كان المفروض يحصل (ماضي)
ought to have + p.p ولكن محصلش

shouldn't have + p.p حدث لم يكن مفترض انه يحصل
oughtn't to have + p.p ولكن حصل للأسف

Ex: You ..... late for your exam yesterday.
a) should arrive c) shouldn't arrive
b) should have arrived d) shouldn't have arrived

Ex: You ..... late for your lesson. The teacher will be angry.
a) shouldn't have been c) shouldn't be
b) must have been d) ought to be

Ex: I'm sorry I shouted at you. I ..... that.
a) shouldn't do c) shouldn't have done
b) should do d) couldn't have done

Ex: You ..... the last piece of cake! It was for the guests.
a) shouldn't eat c) shouldn't have eaten
b) couldn't eat d) could have eaten

Ex: I'm sorry ! I ..... for the interview on time.
a) shouldn't come
b) must come
c) can't have come
d) ought to have come

Ex: I didn't know you are sick. I ..... you in the hospital.
a) could visit
b) should visit
c) should have visited
d) shouldn't have visited

Ex: Layan .....have passed if she had studied.
a) could b) should c) must d) can

Ex: You ..... call your parents . They must be worried.
a) may b) should c) might d) can

Ex: I'm cold . I ..... my jacket .
a) must have worn
b) should have worn
c) could wear
d) might wear

Ex: You are advised to exercise. You ..... .
a) could have exercised
b) might exercise
c) ought to exercise
d) must have exercised

Ex: Which of the following is correct ?
a) You should have taken the train. The roads were dangerous
b) I must have seen Layan today ; she's in Spain.
c) My car must have repaired yesterday.
d) He should have reached if he had taken a taxi.

Rewrite

I regret wasting my time. (Shouldn't) (Should)

It was wrong to lie to your friends.(Shouldn't)

It's wrong to lie to your friends. (Shouldn't)

I advise you to increase your productivity.
(Should)

It was possible they saw the accident. (Could)

It was rude to shout at your friend. (Shouldn't)

Unit 3 Grammar Questions

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d

1 **Lyan got the gold medal; she ..... hard.**

a can't have trained
b must have trained
c shouldn't have trained
d didn't have to train

2 **She ..... be happy; she has got high marks .**

a must
b had to
c can't
d ought not to

3 **Lyan ..... by train yesterday. I'm not sure.**

a might travel
b might have traveled
c should travel
d must have traveled

4 **I regret doing that ; I ..... have shouted at my friend .**

a should
b must
c shouldn't
d can't

5 **She ..... the directions. She found herself in a completely different destination.**

a had to follow
b can't have followed
c may have followed
d mustn't have followed

6 **This museum ..... be important; it's visited by hundreds of tourists every day.**

a shouldn't
b can't
c mustn't
d must

7 **Everyone is putting on their winter coats; it ..... raining.**

a had to start
b must have started
c shouldn't have started
d mustn't have started

8 **Your essay is full of grammar errors. You ..... it well.**

a needn't have checked
b must have checked
c can't have checked
d had to check

9 **Lyan will wait for her mother . She has forgotten her key. She ..... have brought it.**

a must
b may
c might
d should

10 **That watch ..... have cost a lot of money. It is made of plastic.**

a must b might c can't d can

11 **I have seen her car outside. She ..... .**

a can't arrive b can't have arrived c might arrive d must have arrived

12 **We don't know when earthquakes happen. They ..... predicted.**

a can't b have been c had been d can't be

13 **He can hardly walk. He ..... be very ill.**

a must b mustn't c shouldn't d should

14 **No one is sure where Lyan is, but we think she ..... have gone to see her uncle.**

a needn't b can't c might d must

15 **It ..... very windy during the night. There are leaves all over the ground.**

a must have been b must be c can't have been d can't be

16 **My father left for work and he ..... to take his keys. I found them in the living room.**

a mustn't have remembered c couldn't have remembered
b had to remember d must have remembered

17 **Lyan hasn't arrived yet. She ..... the bus. Who knows?**

a should have missed b might have missed c had to miss d must have missed

18 **Hassan traveled to work by bus. He ..... by train as usual.**

a must have traveled b had to travel c could have traveled d might have traveled

19 **Hassan did not attend the meeting. He ..... invited. He'd just had a fever and is in hospital.**

a can't have b can't have been c mustn't have been d shouldn't have

20 **The police knew everything about the murderer. They ..... have undertaken their investigations.**

a should b can't c must d might

21 **Lyan ..... have been at school yesterday. The list of the absentees didn't include her name.**

a must b can't c needn't d mustn't

22 **They left two hours ago, so they ..... arrived by now. It's not far.**

a must b must have c can't have d have

23 **She ..... have caught her bus because she would have been here by now.**

a can't b might c could d must

24 **She ..... have gone far. I just saw her car leave a minute ago.**

a must b should c can't d can

25 **Lyan has forgotten about the meeting. We ..... have reminded her about it yesterday.**

a might b ought not to c ought to d must

26 **He ..... have told you yesterday, but he forgot.**

a might b can c must d should

27 **You ..... have shouted at him. He'll never forgive you.**

a ought not to b must c might d can't

28 **I'm glad you survived. You risked your life and ..... killed.**

a may have b must have been c could have been d might have

29 **I ..... revised more for my exams. I think I'll fail!**

a could have b might have c must have d ought to have

30 **The concert was fantastic. You really ..... have come.**

a might b can't c must d ought to

31 **We agreed to meet yesterday but when I got there I didn't see him. He ..... waiting elsewhere.**

a couldn't have b can't have c could have been d must not have

32 **"Lyan can't have been ill."; this means .....**

a I'm sure Lyan is ill.
c I'm sure Lyan isn't ill.
b I'm sure Lyan was ill.
d I'm sure Lyan wasn't ill.

33 **A: What is Hassan doing in the garden?**
B: I have no idea .....

a He must be watering the trees.
c He can't be playing there.
b He might be looking after the flowers.
d He might have planted a tree.

Compound adjective

→ Definition :-

Ex: Mo Salah is a well-known footballer.
Ex: Mo Salah is well known .

خلي بالك نضيع (-) اذا كان هناك noun بعد الصفة

[1] Compound adj with numbers

(رقم – اسم مفرد) + noun

Ex: We are going on a ten-day trip.

Ex: I had a five- ..... holiday to refresh myself.

a) day
b) days
c) day's
d) days'

رقم + اسم مفرد s time
رقم + اسم جمع s time

معلومة حلوة

Ex: In ..... time , I'm travelling to Spain.

a) two week's
b) two weeks'
c) two-weeks
d) two week

انجلشاوى
Mahmoud Radwan

لاحظ جملة التعبير عن السن :-

[1] Layan is a two-year-old girl.
عدد-year-old + noun

[2] Layan is two years old.
عدد years old بدون -

Ex: Which sentence is Correct ?
a) Layan is a ten years old girl.
b) Layan is a ten-years-old girl.
c) Layan is ten-year-old .
d) Layan is a ten-year-old girl.

Ex: Layan, my daughter, is ten years old.
..... (ten-year-old)
.....

وصف خاص بجسم الإنسان

big-eared	كبير الأذن	long-nosed	طويل الأنف
green-eyed	أخضر العينين	long-haired	طويل الشعر
long-sighted	عنده طول نظر	short-haired	قصير الشعر

صفات شخصية

middle-aged	في منتصف العمر	quick-witted	سريع البديهة
open-minded	متفتح	kind-hearted	طيب القلب
narrow-minded	ضيق الأفق	strong-willed	ذو عزيمة قوية
tight-fisted	بخيل	red-handed	مذنب
good-looking	حسن المظهر	slow-moving	بطئ الحركات
well-educated	متعلم جيدًا	highly-respected	محترم للغاية
well-known	مشهور	well-balanced	متزن نفسيًا
well-informed	مُطلع	well-behaved	حسن السلوك
left-handed	أيسر	heart-broken	منكسر القلب

Ex: Layan is a .....girl who is always ready to help others.

a) strong-will
b) strongly-willed
c) strong-willed
d) strong willed

Ex: He is a man that has a quick wit.

..... (quick-witted)

---

heart-broken منفطر القلب heart-breaking مفطر للقلب

Ex: Mr Mahmoud wrote a story that breaks readers' hearts. (heart-breaking)

.....

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clear-cut	واضح / محدد	old-fashioned	قديم
deep-seated	متأصل / متجذر	well-paid	ذو أجر مرتفع
long-awaited	طال انتظاره	densely-populated	مأهول بسكان
widely-spoken	يتم التحدث بها بنطاق واسع	brightly-lit	ساطع الإضاءة
second-hand	مستعمل	badly-written	مكتوب بشكل سيئ
far-reaching	بعيد المدى	widely-recognized	معروف على نطاق واسع
full-length	بالطول الكامل	last-minute	في اللحظة الأخيرة
easy-going	مرن	child-wanted	محبوب من الأطفال
long-lasting	يدوم لفترة طويلة	brand-new	جديد تماماً
ever-lasting	دائم	self-reliant	معتمد على نفسه
never-ending	دائم	self-made	صنع على نفسه
forward-thinking	سابق في التفكير	self-centered	أناني
mouth-watering	لذيذ	world-famous	ذو شهرة عالمية
record-breaking	محطم للرقم القياسي	time-saving	موفر للوقت
thought-provoking	مثير للتفكير		

fat-free خالى من الدهون ice cold فى برودة التلج
smoke-free ممنوع التدخين فيه English-speaking متحدث اللغة الانجليزية

Ex: This shop sells only ..... clothes to raise money for charity.
a) secondhand
b) second-hand
c) second hand
d) second-handed

Ex: I can't live in this ..... weather. It's too cold.
a) ice-cold
b) ice-colded
c) icy cold
d) ice cold

Ex: Do you think English is ..... all over the world?
a) widely-spoken
b) widely spoken
c) speaking widely
d) widely speaking

Ex: Dr Zewail is a world ..... scientist.
a) famous
b) - famous
c) fame
d) -fame

ربنا يرزقكم كل اللى تتمنوه
انجلشـــــــاوى

Unit 4 Grammar Questions

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d

1 **It is a ..... fact that being bilingual can improve some brain functions.**

a knowing | b widely knowing | c well knows | d well-known

2 **Dr Zewail is a world ..... scientist.**

a fame | b -fame | c famous | d - famous

3 **Lyan is my ..... daughter .**

a two-year-old | b two year old | c two-years-old | d two years old

4 **Lyan, my daughter , is ..... .**

a two-year-old | b two year old | c two-years-old | d two years old

5 **I had a five - ..... holiday to refresh myself.**

a day | b day's | c days | d days'

6 **I had a holiday for five ..... .**

a day | b day's | c days | d days'

7 **I have a middle ..... uncle. He is thirty-five.**

a age | b -age | c aged | d -aged

8 **When someone has a strong will, we say he or she is a ..... person.**

a strong-willed | b strong willed | c strong-wills | d strong will

9 **When someone can't see near objects, we say he or she is long ..... .**

a sight | b -sighted | c sighted | d sighting

10 **When someone can't see near things, we say he or she is a long ..... individual.**

a sight | b -sighted | c sighted | d sighting

11 **Radwan is a ..... respected engineer .**

a highly- | b height- | c high- | d highing-

12 **As an engineer , Radwan is ..... respected.**

a highly b highly- c high d highing

13 **The new policy was introduced at the ..... , just before the meeting ended.**

a last minutes b last minute c last-minute d last-minutes

14 **The thieves were caught ..... while trying to escape.**

a red-handed b red hands c hand-red d hand reddened

15 **This is a ..... perfume; its scent lasts all day.**

a long lasting b long-lasting c lasts long d longlasted

16 **The teacher asked a ..... question that made the students think deeply.**

a thinking-provoke b thought provoke c provoke thought d thought-provoking

17 **Lyan has a ..... love for her father.**

a deep-seated b deep seat c seated deep d deepseated

18 **Hassan ran at a ..... speed, breaking the national record.**

a record break b record-breaking c break record d record-broken

19 **We took a ..... journey through the mountains; it lasted four hours.**

a four hours b four-hours c four-hour d four hour

20 **Hassan bought a ..... car directly from the factory.**

a brand new b brand-new c new-brand d new-brand

21 **Lyan enjoys working with ..... people who see both sides of an argument.**

a narrow minded b narrow mind c open-minded d opened mind

22 **The team celebrated their ..... victory in the national tournament.**

a long waited b long-waiting c long awaited d long-awaited

23 **I am traveling abroad in two ..... time.**

a week b weeks c week's d weeks'

24 **I will join you in an ..... time.**

a hours b hours' c hour's d hours's

25 **Mr Mahmoud is ..... about the new changes; he has no objection to them.**

a narrow-minded b tight-fisted c open-minded d well-informed

26 **She was shocked by his ..... response to the proposal.**

a cold-blood b cold-blooded c cold blooded d colder-blooded

27 **Don't expect him to pay for the meal. He is ..... .**

a tight-fisted b narrow-minded c open-minded d well-informed

28 **Which sentence uses a compound adjective correctly before a noun?**

a She wore a red new-dress.
c She wore a brand new dress.
b She wore a new-red dress.
d She wore a brand-new dress.

29 **Which is correct according to the rules?**

a Hassan is a well informed teacher.
c Hassan is a well-informed teacher.
b Hassan is a well-inform teacher.
d Hassan is a good-informed teacher.

30 **Which sentence is correct?**

a She is a ten years old girl.
c She is ten-year-old.
b She is a ten-years-old girl.
d She is a ten-year-old girl.

Causative
السببية

→ have (أى زمن) + فاعل (subject) + inf

→ get (أى زمن) + فاعل (subject) + to + inf

→ have / get + مفعول + P.P

Ex: The boss got the employees ..... till late.
- a) to work
- b) be working
- c) work
- d) worked

Ex: I'll have my bookcase ..... next week.
- a) delivered
- b) deliver
- c) will deliver
- d) to deliver

Ex: She hasn't had her knives .... yet.
- a) sharpen
- b) to sharpen
- c) sharpened
- d) sharpening

Ex: We ..... our machine installed last night.
- a) get
- b) got
- c) have
- d) allow

Ex: Wait there and I'll .... someone to help you.
a) have b) get c) let d) make

خلي بالك

Causative نضع بعد أفعال
ضمير مفعول
me - us - them - you - him - her - it

Ex: I got ..... to clean my room yesterday.
a) she
b) herself
c) he
d) her

Ex: Lyan ..... . She made it herself. نكرة حلوة
a) cooks her dinner.
b) cooked her dinner.
c) has her dinner cooked
d) had her dinner cooked

Ex: "Lyan had her lunch cooked."
This means ..... .
a) Lyan cooked her lunch.
b) Lyan cooked lunch for someone.
c) Someone cooked lunch for her.
d) Lyan got her lunch cooking.

---

make (في أي زمن) active + مفعول (ضمير) + inf

me - us - them - you - her - him

passive مجهول
[am - is - are
was - were
have / has / had been
be] + made + to + inf

Ex: The teacher made us ..... the classroom.
- a) to clean
- b) clean
- c) cleaning
- d) cleaned

Ex: We were made ..... the essay again.
- a) write
- b) writing
- c) to write
- d) be written

Ex: Can you tell me what has made .....get so nervous?
- a) herself
- b) she
- c) hers
- d) her

Ex: The good news has made us ..... .
- a) happily
- b) happy
- c) feels happy
- d) feeling happy

make + مفعول + inf/صفة (أجبرني) — خلى بالك

→ let + مفعول + inf
مفعول: ضمير (me - us - them - him - her)

→ let + ضمير منعكس + be + p.p
myself - ourselves
himself - herself
themselves - yourself

→ allow + مفعول + to + inf

Ex: Do your parents let you ..... out later at holidays?
a) stay
b) to stay
c) staying
d) to staying

Ex: I don't allow others ..... my bike.
a) to ride
b) ride
c) riding
d) to be ridden

Ex: I don't allow ..... my bike.
a) to ride
b) ride
c) riding
d) to be ridden

(من/كذا) allow + مفعول + to + inf
(من/كذا) allow + V+ing

خلي بالك

[am/is/are / was/were / been/be] + Passive allowed + to + inf

---

permit ⟶ to + inf

force ⟶ to + inf

help ⟶ inf / to + inf

Ex: We are ..... to follow the law.
a) made
b) forced
c) let
d) a & b

Unit 5 Grammar Questions

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d

1 **She hasn't had her knives ..... yet.**

a sharpen b to sharpen c sharpened d sharpening

2 **Wait there and I'll ..... Hassan to help you with those bags.**

a have b get c let d make

3 **After I had seen Dr Hassan , I ..... .**

a didn't have my teeth check
b didn't have my teeth checking
c hadn't had my teeth checked
d didn't have my teeth checked

4 **I had him change his mind. This means that I ..... change his mind.**

a forced to him b let him c persuaded him to d hoped he would

5 **Sometimes, my friend ..... me borrow his car.**

a lets b allows c gets d permits

6 **We need to ..... our computer checked out for viruses.**

a make b have c let d allow

7 **Hassan ..... her clothes washed. He washes them by himself .**

a hasn't b doesn't have c hadn't d had never

8 **We were angry with Hassan. He had ..... laughed at by all our colleagues.**

a ourselves b we c ours d us

9 **..... your meal prepared before you went home?**

a Had you b Have you had c Had you had d Do you have

10 **"I made my brother do the shopping." What does this mean?**

a I got my brother to do the shopping.
b I got my brother to go shopping.
c I had the shopping done by my brother.
d a, b & c

11 **"I usually do not have anyone clean my room." This means I usually ..... .**

a have my room cleaned
b clean my room
c get my room cleaned
d get my room to clean

12 **"I wrote the report for Hassan after he had told me to." This means Hassan ..... write the report.**

a made I
b had me
c got I
d b & c

Unit (6) Reported Question

→ "Where have you spent the weekend?" asked Lyan.

طريقة التحويل :-

(فعل + فاعل) جملة + أداة الربط + مخاطب + فعل القول + متحدث

مخاطب ممكن يكون شئ موجود

اسم (Ali) ضمير مفعول (me - us - them - you - her - him)

فعل القول: asked - inquired - wondered - wanted to know

↳ يأتي بعده مخاطب

أداة الربط:
(سؤال هل) → if - whether
(أداة استفهام) → What - Where - When - How long...

الجملة بعد أداة الربط :-

١. تحول الضمائر

You → I ■ I → he / she ■ We → they

you → he/she على حسب الوجهة السؤال

٢. نرفع زمن الجملة في الماضي

- am/is/are → was/were
- Can → Could
- will → would
- مضارع بسيط → ماضي بسيط → تصريف تاني → Played
  - بدون → play
  - s → plays
- مضارع تام → ماضي تام
  - have / has + p.p → had + p.p
- ماضي بسيط → ماضي تام / ماضي بسيط

٣- ظرف الزمان / المكان يتحول :

- now → then
- at the moment → at that moment
- tomorrow → the next day . the following day / the day after
- yesterday → the last day . the previous day / the day before
- today → that night
- here → there
- this → that
- next → the next
- last → the last
- tonight → that night
- these → those

Ex: "Are you doing your homework now?"
Mahmoud asked Lyan.

.....

.....

أفكار أسئلة الاختيار

Ex: Mahmoud.....me if I enjoyed my holiday.
(a) told (b) asked (c) inquired (d) b & c

Ex: Mahmoud ..... if I enjoyed my holiday.
(a) told (b) asked (c) inquired (d) b & c

خلي بالك في الجمل الاستفسارية
asked - wondered - inquired - wanted to know
↳ يأتي بعده
مخاطب → Lyan / father
↘ ضمير مفعول me - us - you - them - him - her

Ex: Lyan asked me ..... I had been visiting.
(a) when (b) if (c) whether (d) who

Ex: Lyan wanted to know ..... I was doing anything.
(a) if (b) whether (c) a & b (d) what

Ex: Lyan asked me .... I had been busy or not.
(a) where (b) who (c) which (d) if

خلى بالك

if / whether ← or not في تركيب الجملة
whether ← or not بعد النقاط

Ex: Lyan wanted to know ... or not I would accept the offer.
(a) if (b) whether (c) that (d) which

Ex: He asked me where ..... to eat.
(a) I want (c) I wanted
(b) did I want (d) do you want

Ex: Lyan asked ..... to go hiking.
(a) if I want (c) if I wanted
(b) if do you want (d) if did you want

Ex: Lyan asked me why .... to the party the previous day.
(a) I haven't Come (c) I hadn't Come
(b) I didn't Come (d) didn't I Come

the previous - the last - the ... before
ماضي تام had + p.p

خلى بالك

- then - at that moment ⟶ was/were + V.ing
- the next - the following - the... after

would + inf | was/were + going to + inf | was/were + V.ing

- earlier - before ⟶ ماضى تام had + p.p

Ex: Lyan asked me what ..... then.

a) was I doing
b) I was doing
c) am I doing
d) I am doing

Ex: Lyan wants to know what ..... now.

a) am I doing
b) I am doing
c) was I doing
d) I was doing

خلى بالك
فعل القول مضارع ← ظرف الزمن لم يتحول
نفس زمن الجملة الأصلية

Ex: Can you tell me how.... to the train station, please?

a) I got
b) I Can get
c) Can I get
d) do I get

Ex: Could you show me ..... ?

a) how Can I answer this question
b) how I Can answer this question
c) how I had answered this question
d) how had I answered this question

Unit 6 Grammar Questions

Choose the correct answer from a , b , c or d

1. **Hassan wonders when I ..... home because he wants me to help him.**

a had returned b going to return c would return d will return

2. **I asked my friend if food ..... served.**

a has b had c had been d has been

3. **Please, tell me where ..... meet next week.**

a we were going to b we are going to c will we d are we going to

4. **Could you tell me why ..... to Paris last October?**

a did you travel b had you travelled c you travelled d you had travelled

5. **Lyan wanted to know ..... or not I would meet her.**

a if b whether c that d which

6. **The policeman asked the reporter about ..... when he was jogging.**

a what did he lose b what had he lost c what he lost d what he was losing

7. **She asked me whether ..... there before.**

a I had been b I went c I had had d had I been

8. **Omar wondered where the charger ..... .**

a puts b is putting c was put d is put

9. **He wondered if iron ..... a metal.**

a had been b were c is d has been

10. **He wanted to know whether anyone ..... the book he was reading.**

a had seen b has seen c sees d was seeing

11. **Lyan wants to know if I ..... anything interesting next weekend.**

a am going to do b have done c am doing d a & c

12 **He asked me whether I ..... I would enjoy working there.**

a thinking b has thought c was thinking d thought

13 **I wonder why ..... at me like that. Stop it, please.**

a you will shout b did you shout c you shout d do you shout

14 **Can you tell me how ..... to the train station, please?**

a I got b I can get c can I get d do I get

15 **Which sentence must be ended with a full stop (.)?**

a Why did you come late yesterday

b She wondered why I had hidden the documents

c What a fashionable dress

d How great

16 **Lyan wonders if I have enough money on me. What is Lyan's question?**

a Have you had enough money on you?

b Had you got enough money on you?

c Do you have enough money on you?

d b & c

17 **"Would you mind lending me some money?" I asked Hassan .....**

a if he mind lending me some money.

b if I minded lending him some money.

c whether I would mind lending him some money.

d whether he would mind lending me some money.

18 **"Could you show me .....?"**

a how I can answer this question

b how can I answer this question

c how I had answered this question

d how had I answered this question

19 **Ali: "You are OK, aren't you?" Hassan: What does Ali say? – Lyan: .....**

a Ali told you whether he was OK.

b Ali tells you whether he is OK.

c Ali wanted to know if you had been OK.

d Ali wants to know if you are OK.

20 **"I asked if Lyan was at home." Who is the possible addressee?**

a Lyan. b Someone else. c a & b d Me.

21 **"Why are you late?" Lyan ..... me why I was late.**

a asked b said c wondered d answered

22 **"Where did you park your car?" she inquired. -She ..... where I had parked my car.**

a asked b said c told d spoke

23 **"I will see you here tomorrow," Lyan told me yesterday.-Lyan told me she would see me ..... the next day.**

a there b here c then d yesterday

24 **"I met him yesterday," Lyan said last Monday. Lyan said she had met him ..... .**

a yesterday b that day c the day before d next day